

- 1. Explain in your own words what Madison means when he says that "Liberty is to faction what air is to fire." How does he propose to restrain their influence?
- 2. Explain in your own words what happens when a faction is in the minority. What happens when it is in the majority?
- 3. Does Madison argue a larger or smaller republic is better for safeguarding the rights of individuals? Explain why.

BRUTUS #1

READ AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS BELOW ON A SEPARATE SHEET OF PAPER. BE PREPARED TO SHARE YOUR ANSWERS.

- 1. Does Brutus believe that the United States should exist as a single, unified entity (large republic) or remain a set of loosely-bound small states (small republic)? Why?
- 2. What democratic model does Brutus advocate for? Why? Which one does he believe will develop if the new constitution is ratified?
- 3. What is Brutus' fear concerning a standing army? Why does he believe one would be necessary if the new constitution is ratified?
- 4. On Page 3, Brutus says:

"In a republic of such vast extent as the United-States, the legislature cannot attend to the various concerns and wants of its different parts. It cannot be sufficiently numerous to be acquainted with the local condition and wants of the different districts, and if it could, it is impossible it should have sufficient time to attend to and provide for all the variety of cases of this nature, that would be continually arising."

How might Madison respond to this point?